wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report (i)

Jan 10, 2024 – 02:03 pm GMT

PDB ID	:	8PD0
EMDB ID	:	EMD-17597
Title	:	cryo-EM structure of Doa10 in MSP1E3D1
Authors	:	Botsch, J.J.; Braeuning, B.; Schulman, B.A.
Deposited on	:	2023-06-11
Resolution	:	3.58 Å(reported)
Based on initial model	:	.

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

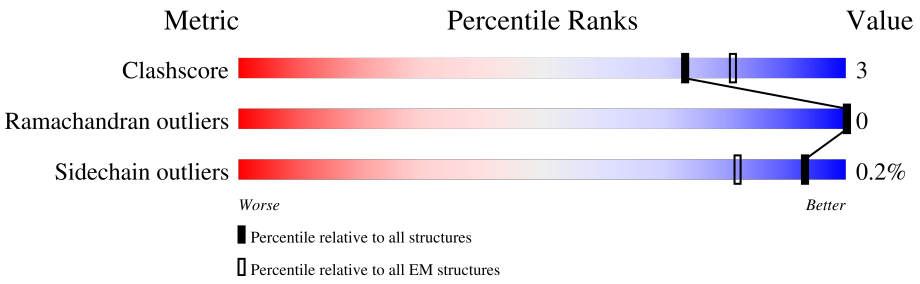
EMDB validation analysis	:	0.0.1.dev70
Mogul	:	1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
MapQ	:	1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

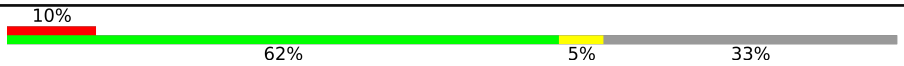
The reported resolution of this entry is 3.58 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion < 40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	1319	

2 Entry composition (i)

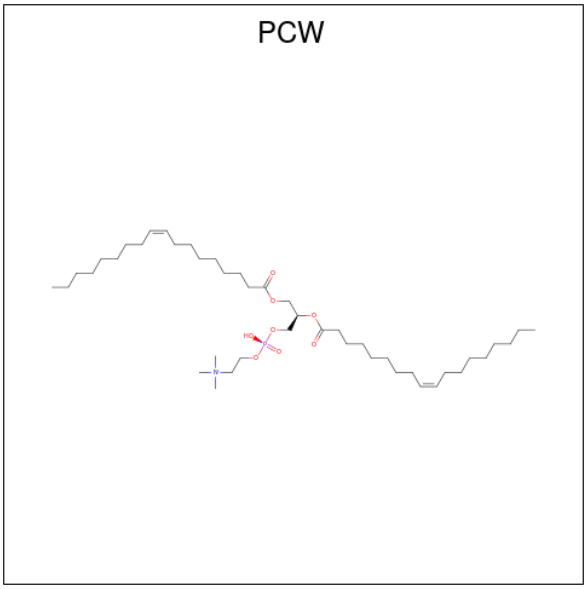
There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6274 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called ERAD-associated E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase DOA10.

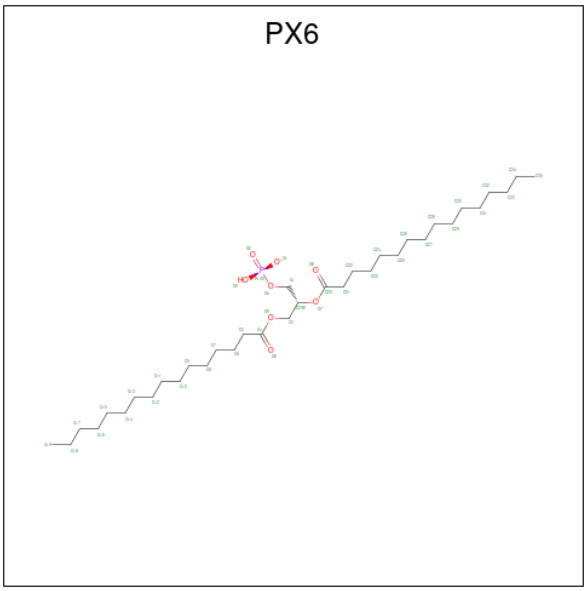
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	A	880	6101	4001	1016	1055	29	0	0

- Molecule 2 is 1,2-DIOLEOYL-SN-GLYCERO-3-PHOSPHOCHOLINE (three-letter code: PCW) (formula: $C_{44}H_{85}NO_8P$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf
			Total	C	O	P	
2	A	1	36	27	8	1	0
			Total	C	N	O	P	
2	A	1	49	39	1	8	1	0
			Total	C	O	P	
2	A	1	46	37	8	1	0

- Molecule 3 is 1,2-DIPALMITOYL-SN-GLYCERO-3-PHOSPHATE (three-letter code: PX6) (formula: $C_{35}H_{68}O_8P$).



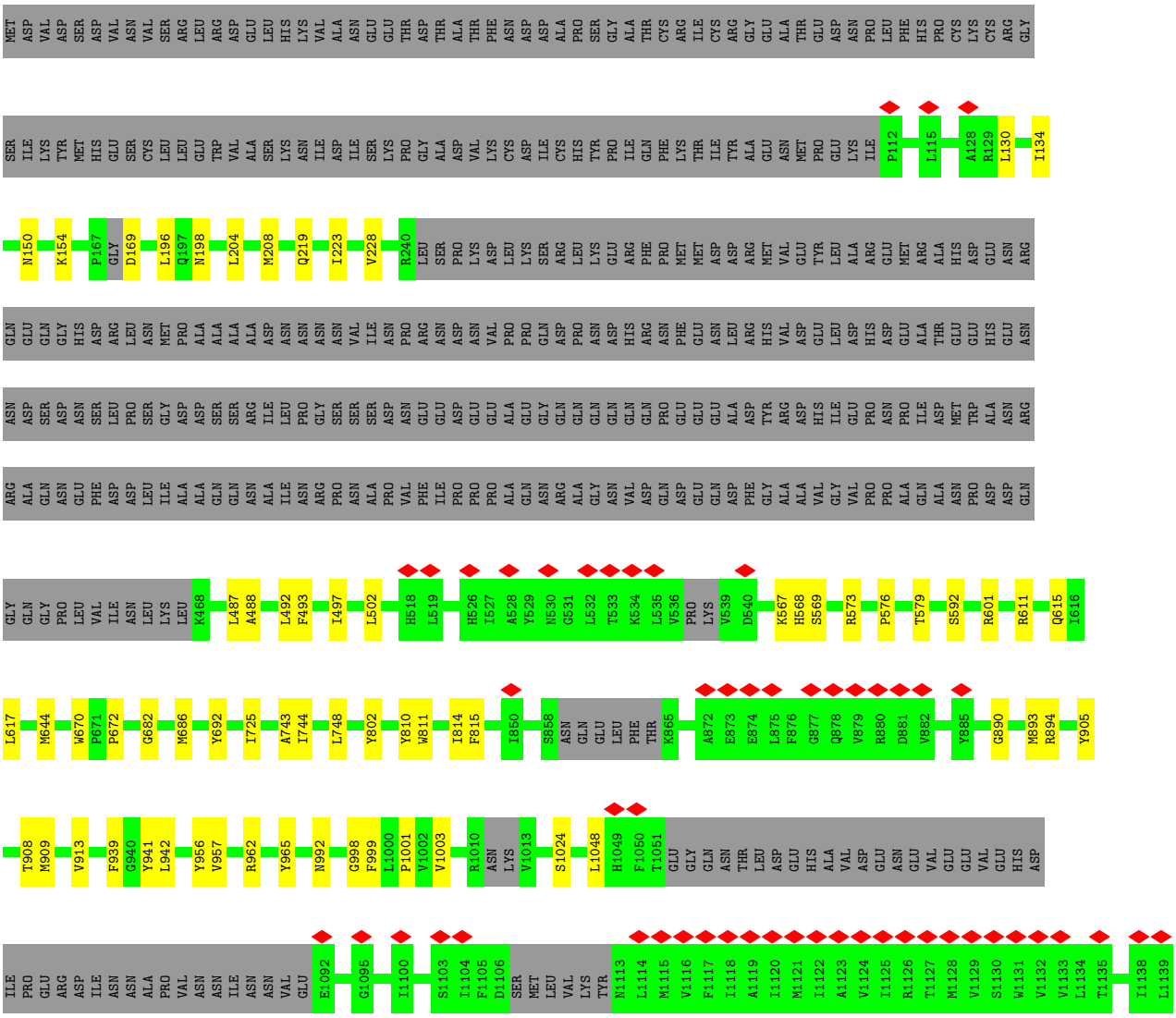
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf
			Total	C	O	P	
3	A	1	42	33	8	1	0

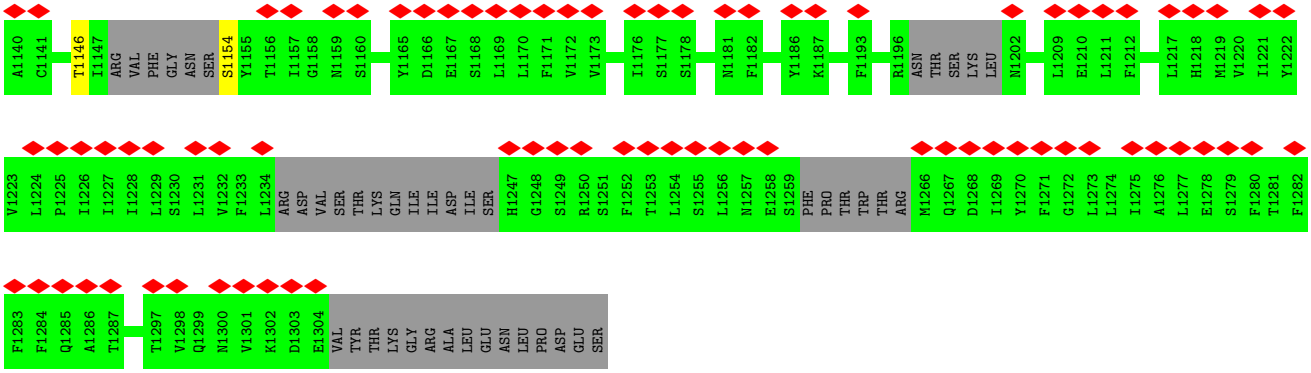
3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: ERAD-associated E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase DOA10

Chain A: 10% 62% 5% 33%




A1140
C1141
T1146
I1147
ARG
VAL
PHE
GLY
ASN
SER
S1154
Y1155
T1156
I1157
G1158
N1159
S1160
Y1165
D1166
E1167
S1168
L1169
L1170
F1171
V1172
V1173
I1176
S1177
S1178
N1181
F1182
Y1186
K1187
F1193
R1196
ASN
THR
SER
LYS
LEU
M1202
L1209
E1210
L1211
F1212
L1217
H1218
M1219
V1220
I1221
Y1222
V1223
L1224
P1225
I1226
I1227
I1228
L1229
S1230
L1231
V1232
F1233
L1234
ARG
ASP
VAL
SER
THR
LYS
GLN
ILE
ILE
ASP
ILE
SER
H1247
G1248
S1249
R1250
S1251
F1252
T1253
L1254
S1255
L1256
N1257
E1258
S1259
PHE
PRO
THR
TRP
THR
ARG
M1266
Q1267
D1268
I1269
Y1270
F1271
G1272
L1273
L1274
I1275
A1276
L1277
E1278
S1279
F1280
T1281
F1282
F1283
F1284
Q1285
A1286
T1287
T1297
V1298
Q1299
N1300
V1301
K1302
D1303
E1304
VAL
TYR
THR
LYS
GLY
ARG
ALA
LEU
GLU
ASN
LEU
PRO
ASP
GLU
SER

4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	123143	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/Å^2$)	70	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	700	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2800	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 BIOQUANTUM (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	4.015	Depositor
Minimum map value	-2.472	Depositor
Average map value	0.008	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.089	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.471	Depositor
Map size (Å)	258.7648, 258.7648, 258.7648	wwPDB
Map dimensions	304, 304, 304	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	0.8512, 0.8512, 0.8512	Depositor

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: PX6, PCW

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>5$	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>5$
1	A	0.26	0/6226	0.42	0/8510

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	6101	0	5350	39	0
2	A	131	0	176	3	0
3	A	42	0	61	0	0
All	All	6274	0	5587	39	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

The worst 5 of 39 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:592:SER:HB2	1:A:617:LEU:HB3	1.73	0.69

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:692:TYR:HB2	2:A:1703:PCW:H331	1.81	0.62
1:A:154:LYS:NZ	2:A:1702:PCW:O2P	2.32	0.61
1:A:567:LYS:O	1:A:568:HIS:ND1	2.34	0.60
1:A:890:GLY:HA3	1:A:956:TYR:HE1	1.68	0.58

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	856/1319 (65%)	840 (98%)	16 (2%)	0	100 100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	496/1184 (42%)	495 (100%)	1 (0%)	93 98

All (1) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	815	PHE

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

4 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
2	PCW	A	1702	-	48,48,53	0.31	0	54,56,61	0.37	0
2	PCW	A	1703	-	45,45,53	0.39	0	49,50,61	0.47	1 (2%)
3	PX6	A	1704	-	41,41,43	0.29	0	45,46,48	0.35	0
2	PCW	A	1701	-	35,35,53	0.35	0	38,40,61	0.38	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	PCW	A	1702	-	-	9/52/52/57	-
2	PCW	A	1703	-	-	6/47/47/57	-

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	PX6	A	1704	-	-	4/43/43/45	-
2	PCW	A	1701	-	-	6/39/39/57	-

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
2	A	1703	PCW	O1P-P-O2P	2.38	119.99	110.68

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 25 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	1701	PCW	O11-C11-O3-C3
2	A	1701	PCW	C12-C11-O3-C3
2	A	1701	PCW	C2-C1-O3P-P
2	A	1702	PCW	O31-C31-O2-C2
2	A	1702	PCW	C32-C31-O2-C2

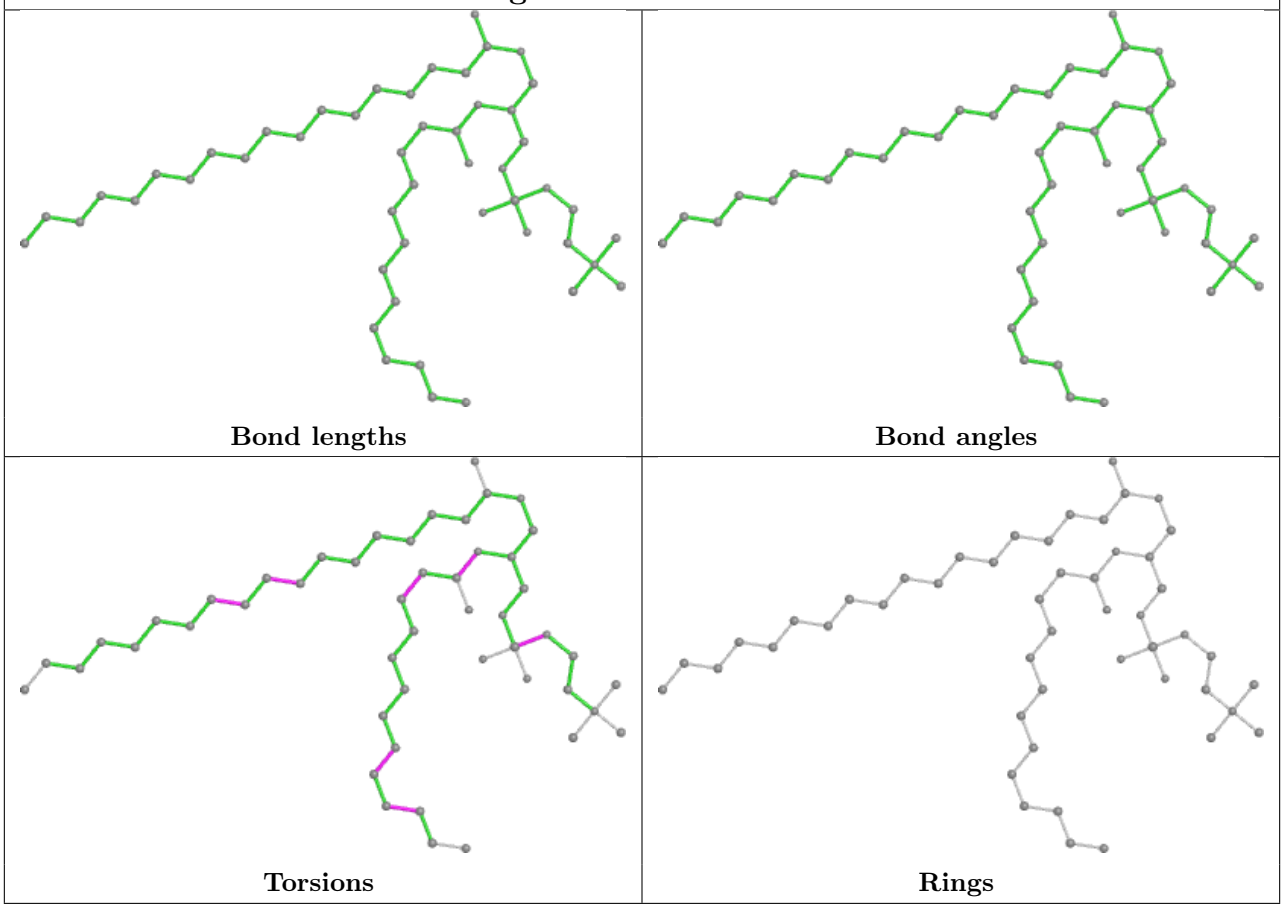
There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 3 short contacts:

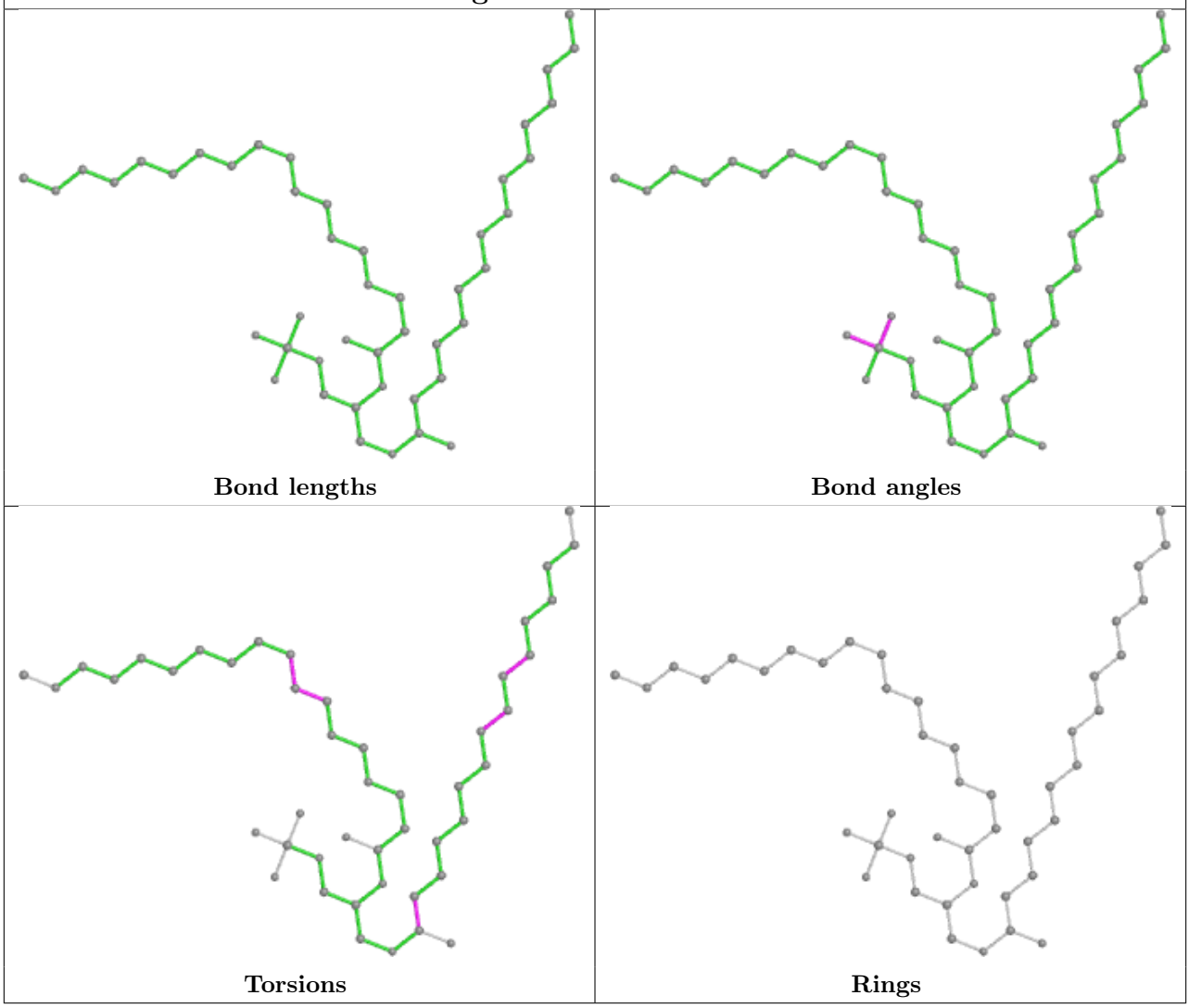
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	1702	PCW	2	0
2	A	1703	PCW	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

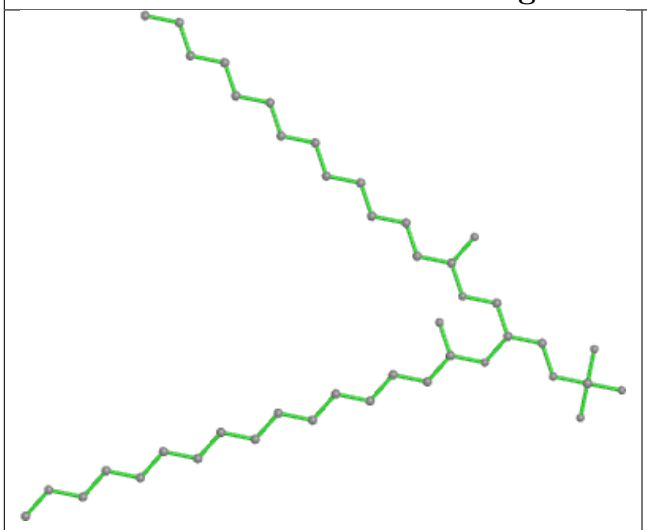
Ligand PCW A 1702



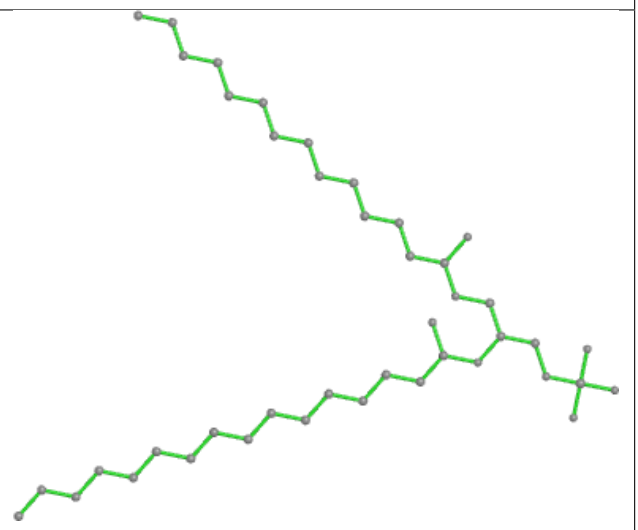
Ligand PCW A 1703



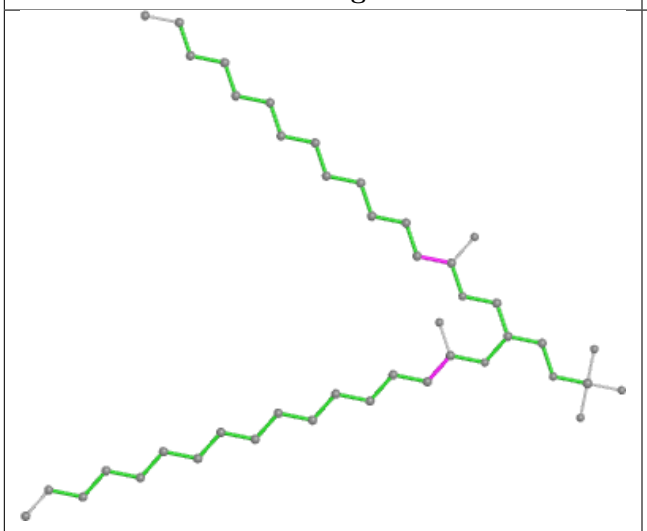
Ligand PX6 A 1704



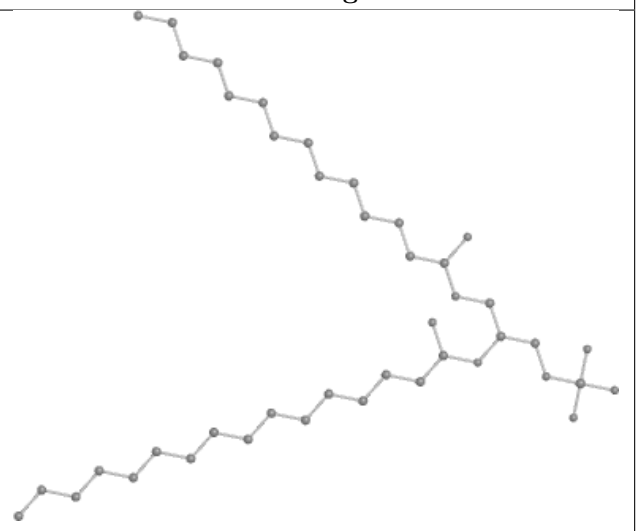
Bond lengths



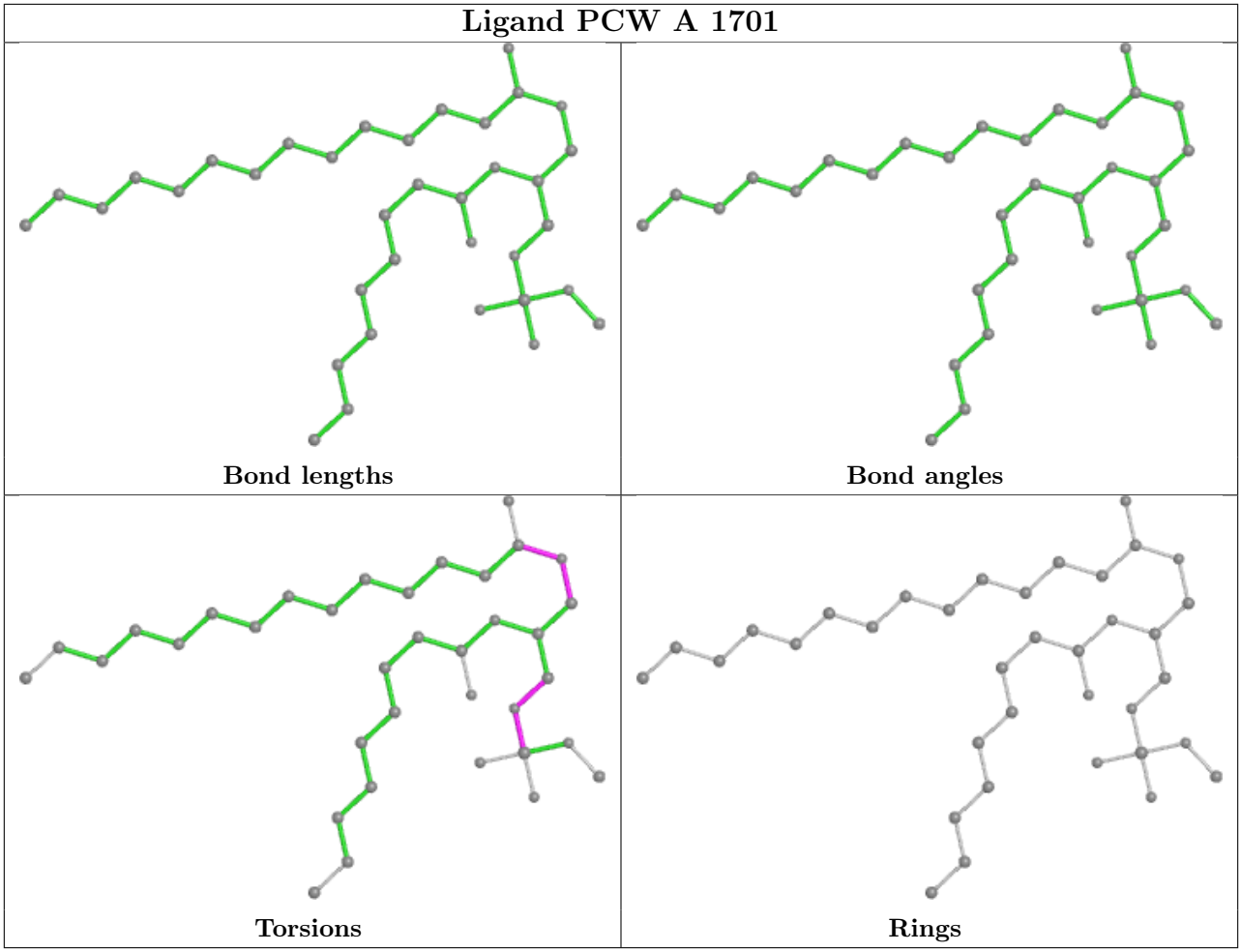
Bond angles



Torsions



Rings



5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

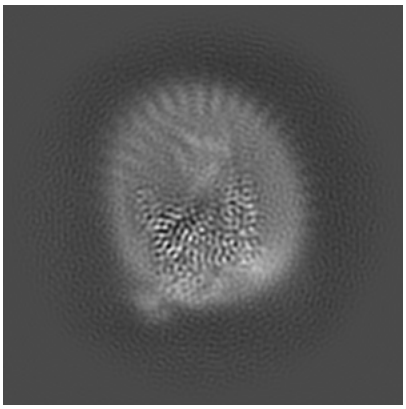
6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-17597. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

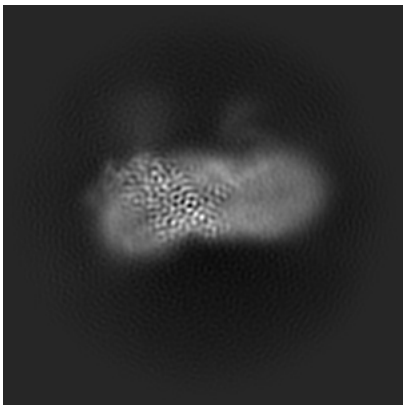
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

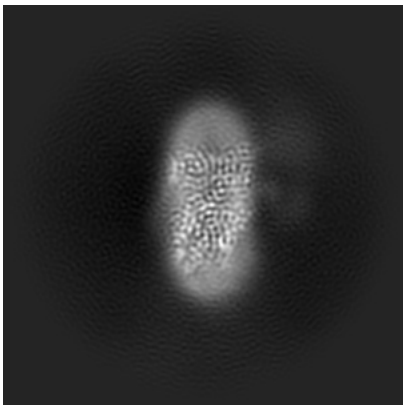
6.1.1 Primary map



X

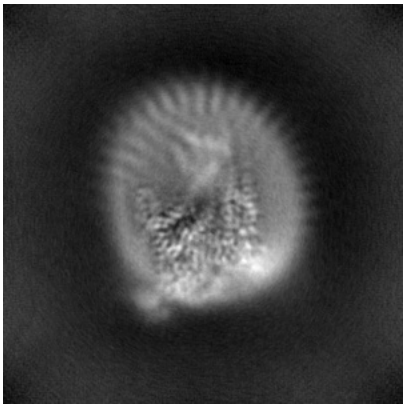


Y

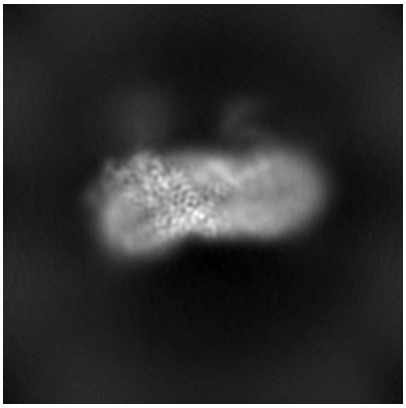


Z

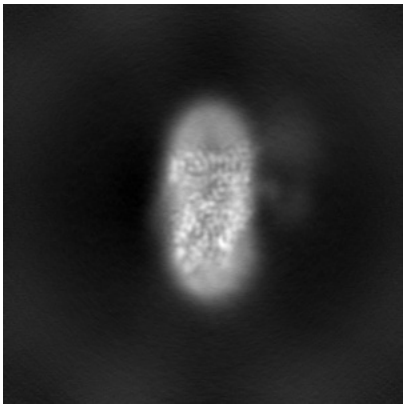
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

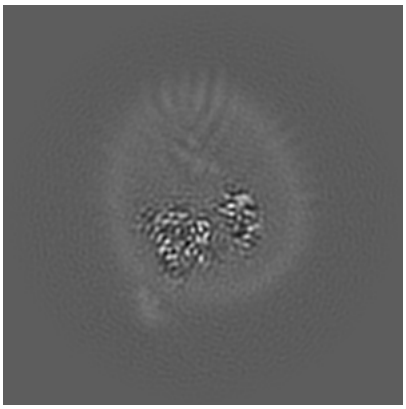


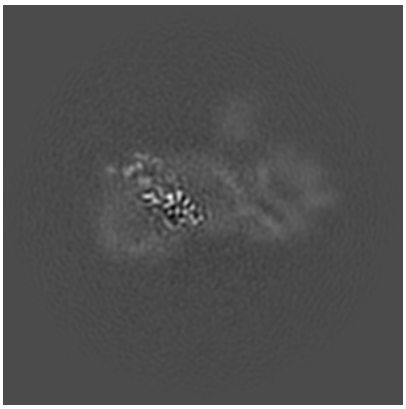
Z

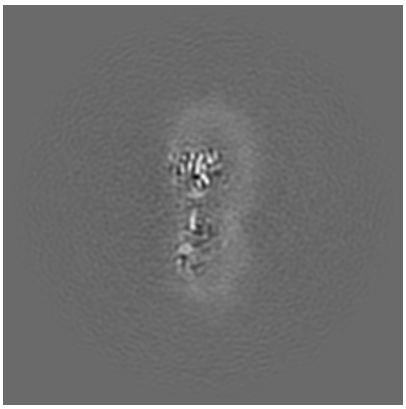
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices (i)

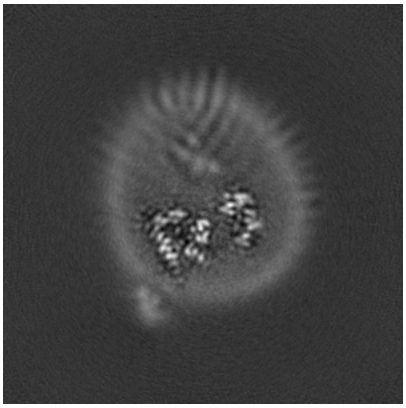
6.2.1 Primary map

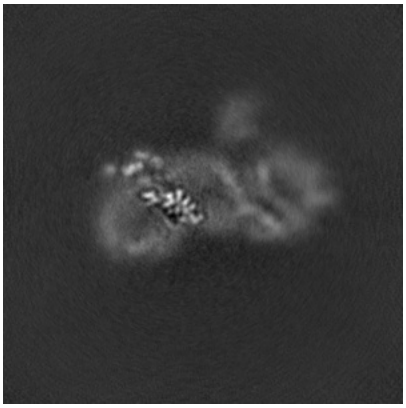

X Index: 152

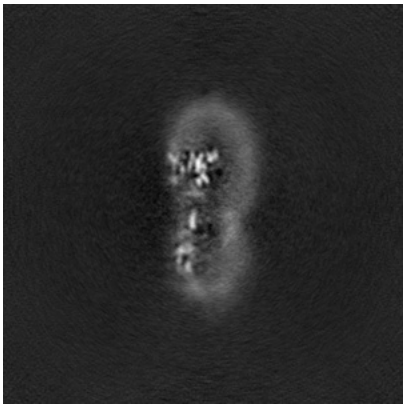

Y Index: 152


Z Index: 152

6.2.2 Raw map


X Index: 152

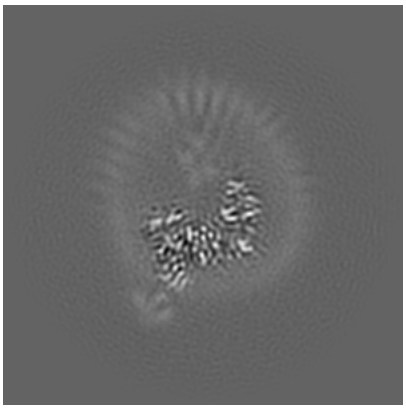

Y Index: 152

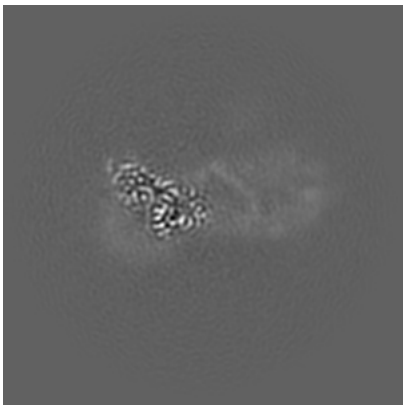

Z Index: 152

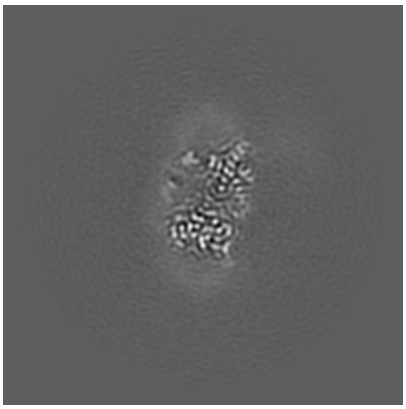
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

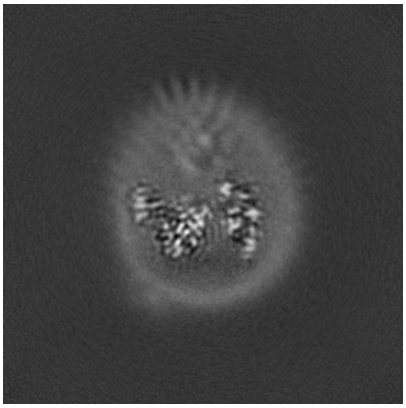
6.3.1 Primary map

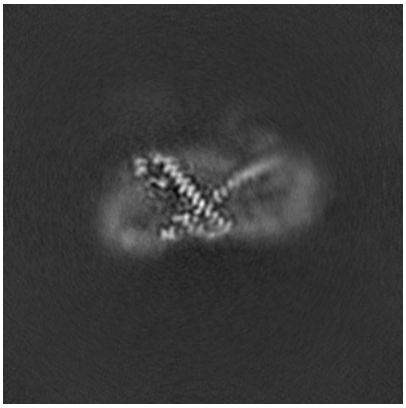

X Index: 159

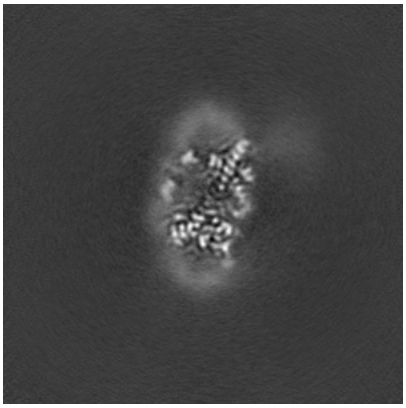

Y Index: 135


Z Index: 118

6.3.2 Raw map


X Index: 140

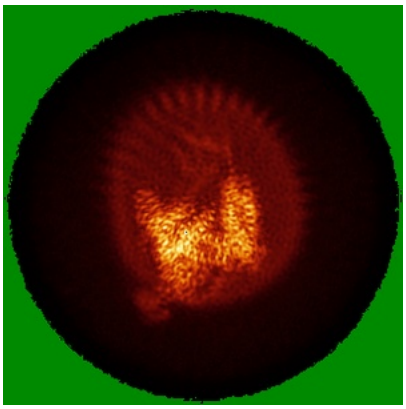

Y Index: 172

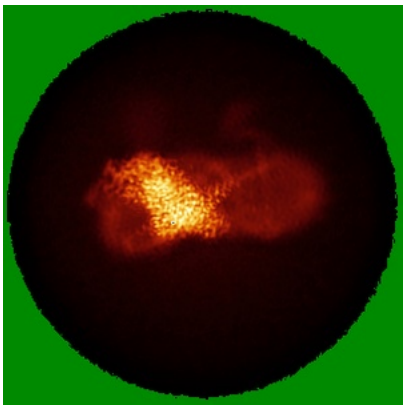

Z Index: 118

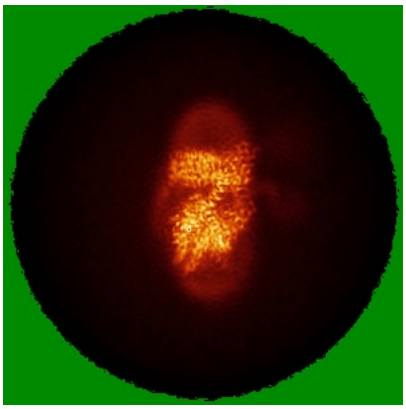
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) (i)

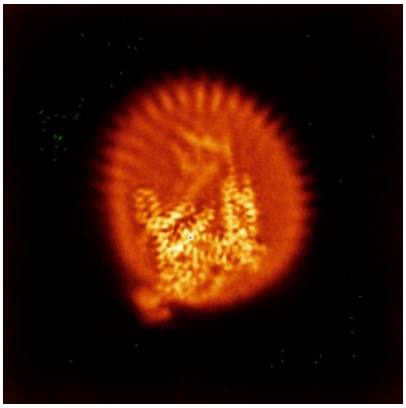
6.4.1 Primary map

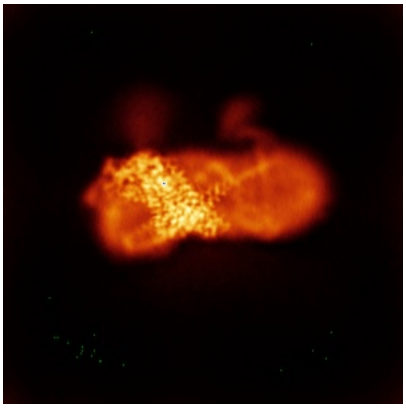

X

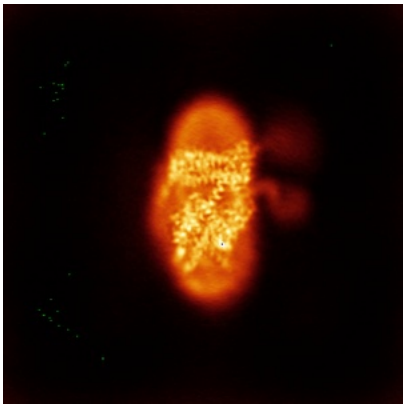

Y


Z

6.4.2 Raw map


X

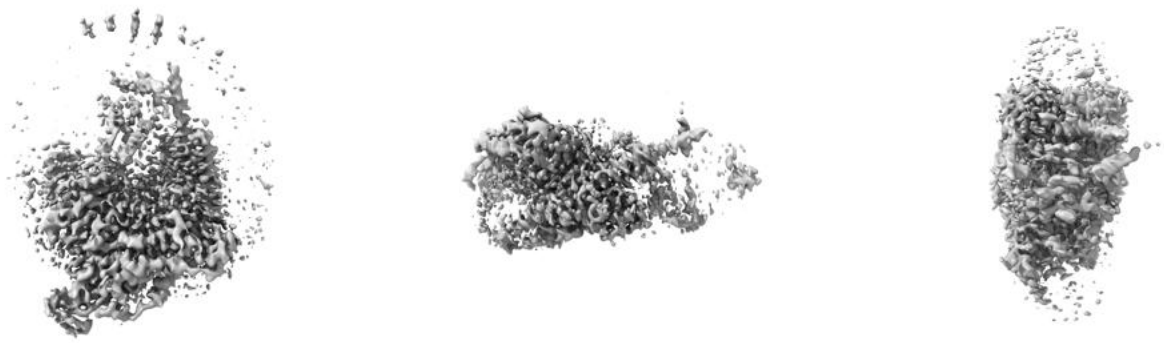

Y


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views (i)

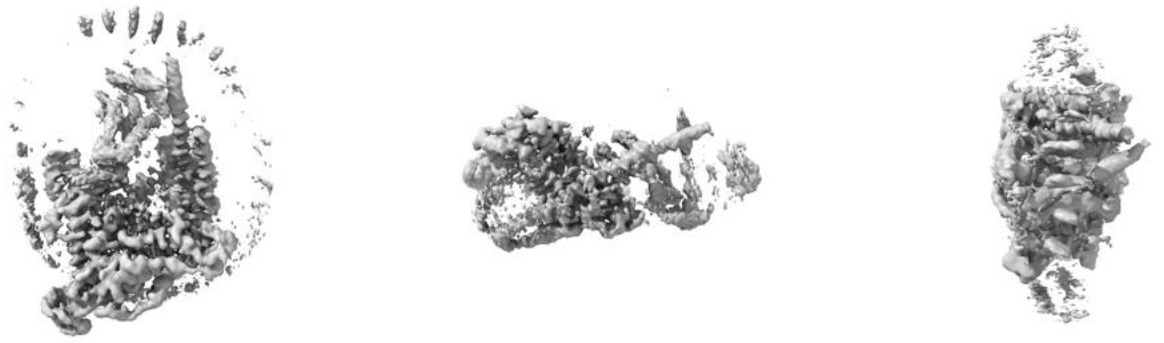
6.5.1 Primary map



X Y Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.471. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



X Y Z

These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

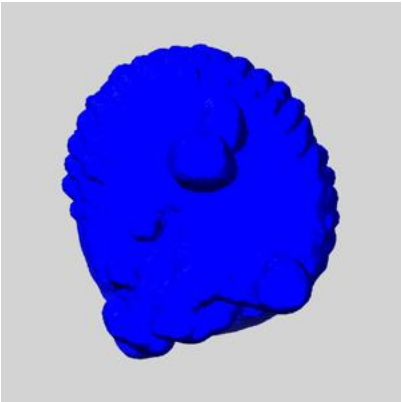
6.6 Mask visualisation (i)

This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency

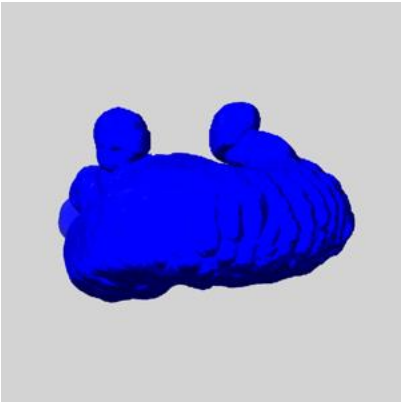
A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure

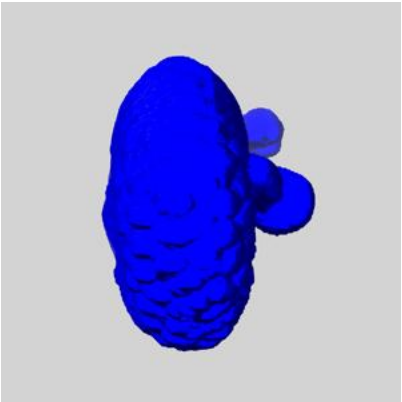
6.6.1 emd_17597_msk_1.map (i)



X



Y

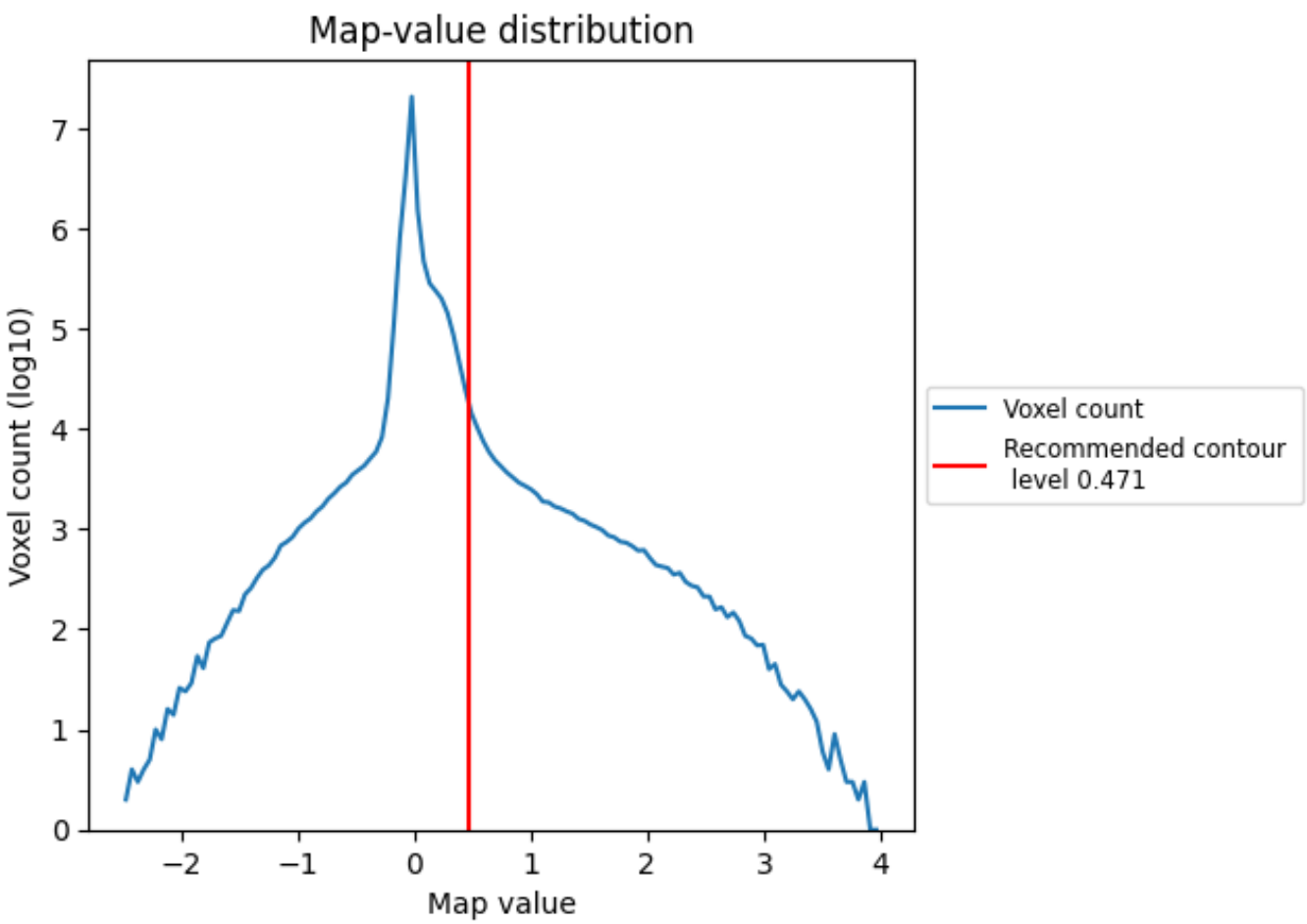


Z

7 Map analysis (i)

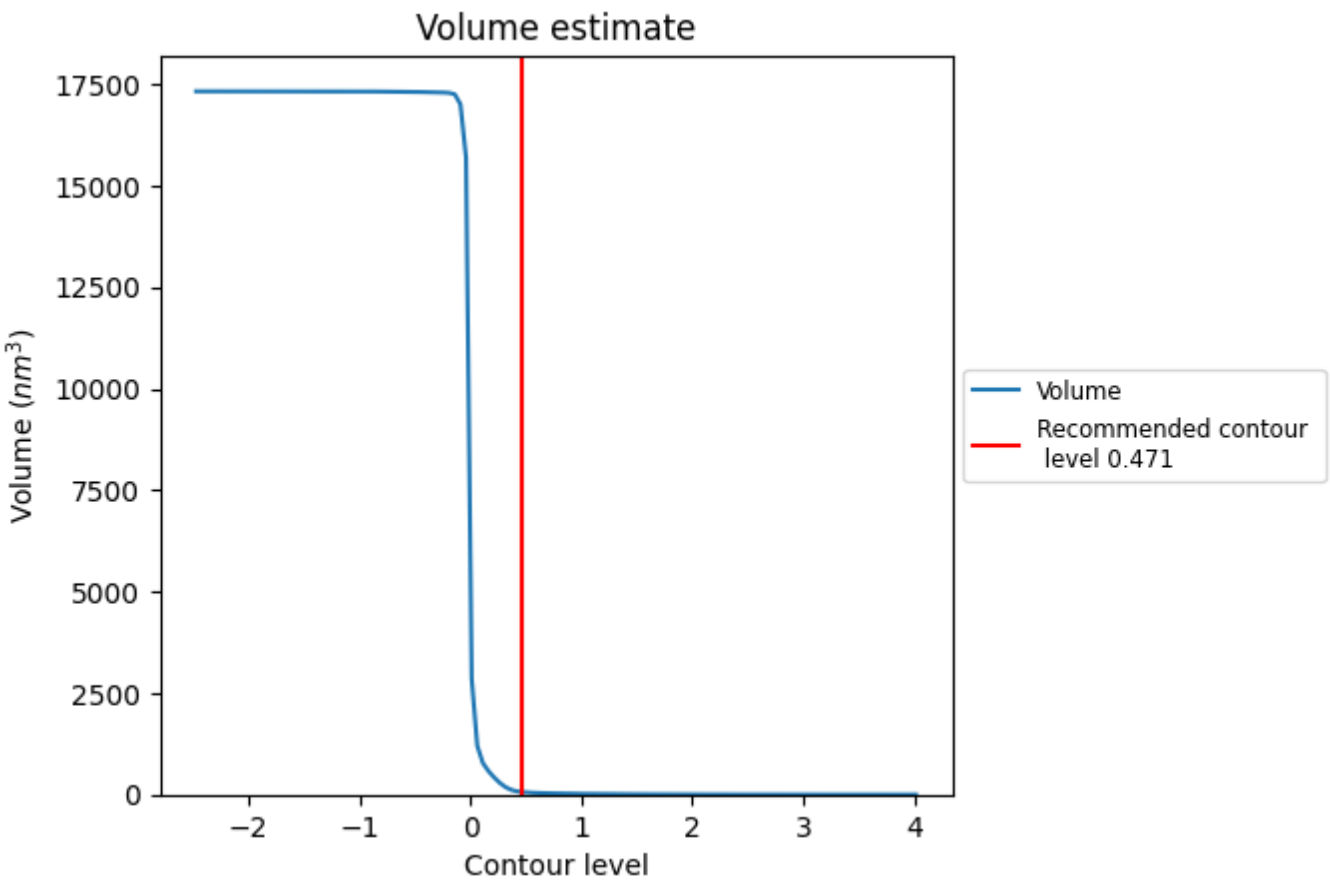
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

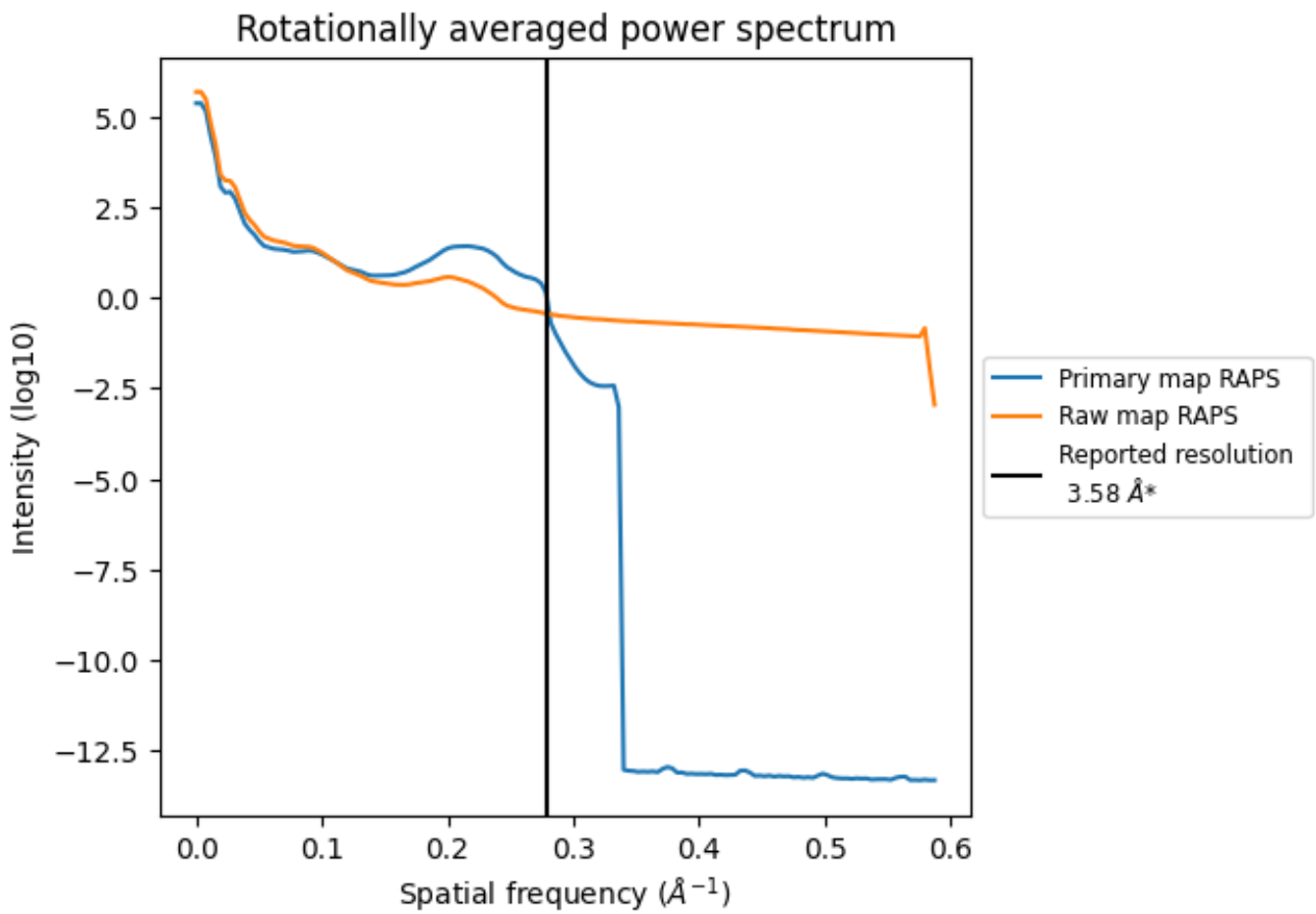
7.2 Volume estimate (i)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 61 nm^3; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 55 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)

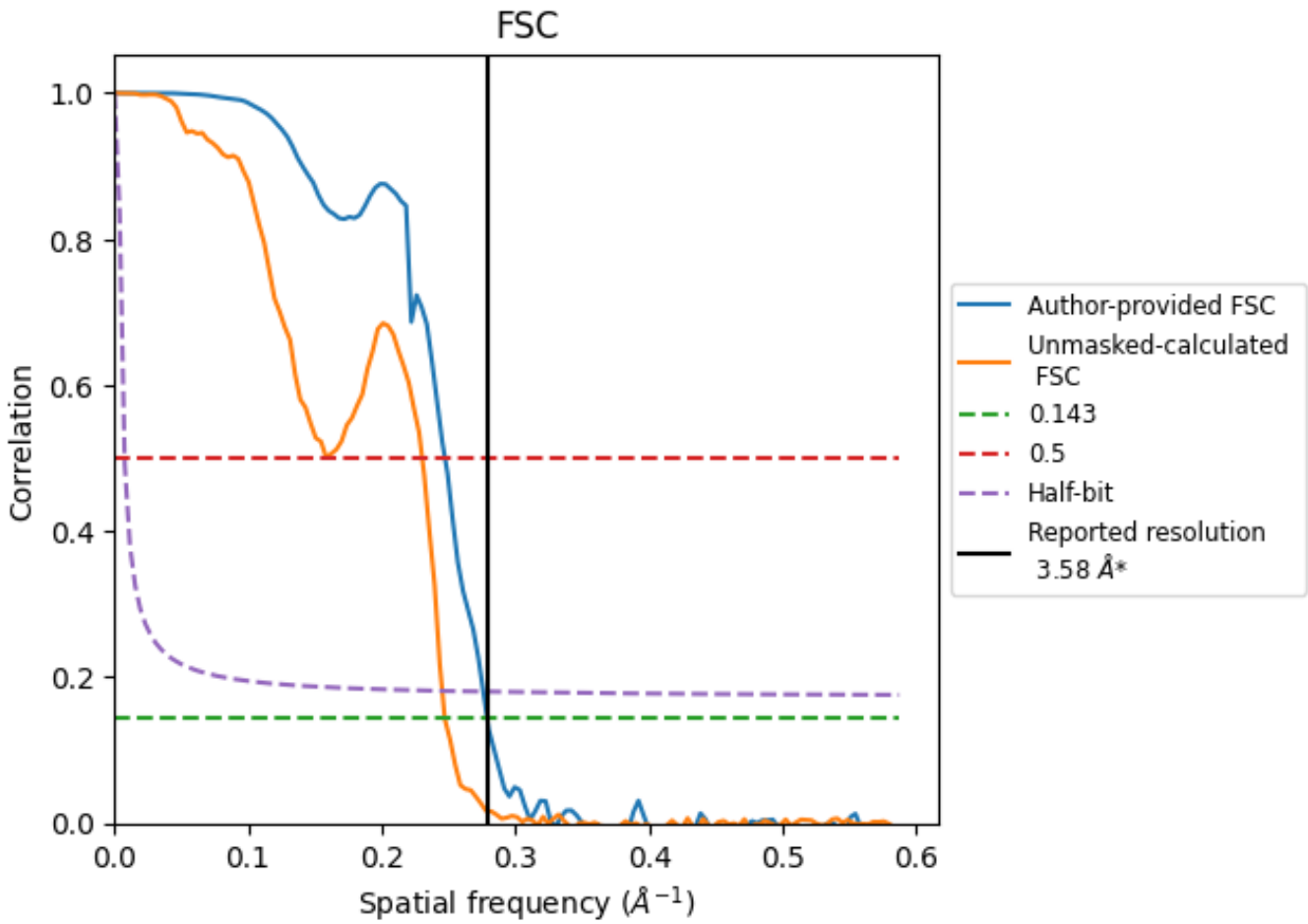


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.279 Å^{-1}

8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC (i)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.279 Å^{-1}

8.2 Resolution estimates (i)

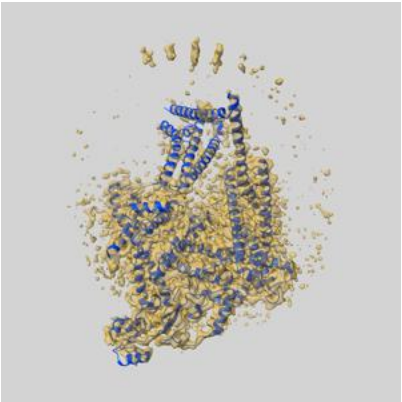
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	3.58	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	3.58	4.04	3.62
Unmasked-calculated*	4.04	4.34	4.08

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 4.04 differs from the reported value 3.58 by more than 10 %

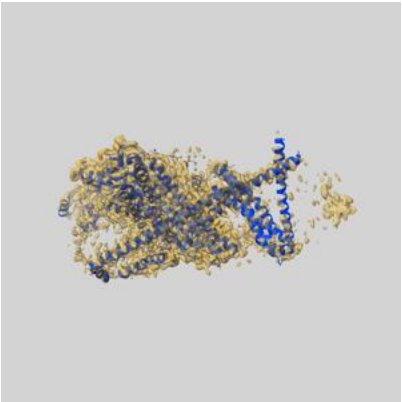
9 Map-model fit (i)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-17597 and PDB model 8PD0. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 5.

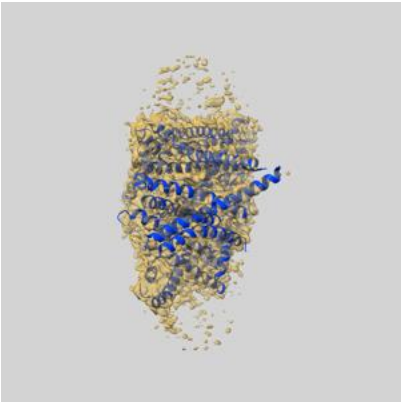
9.1 Map-model overlay (i)



X



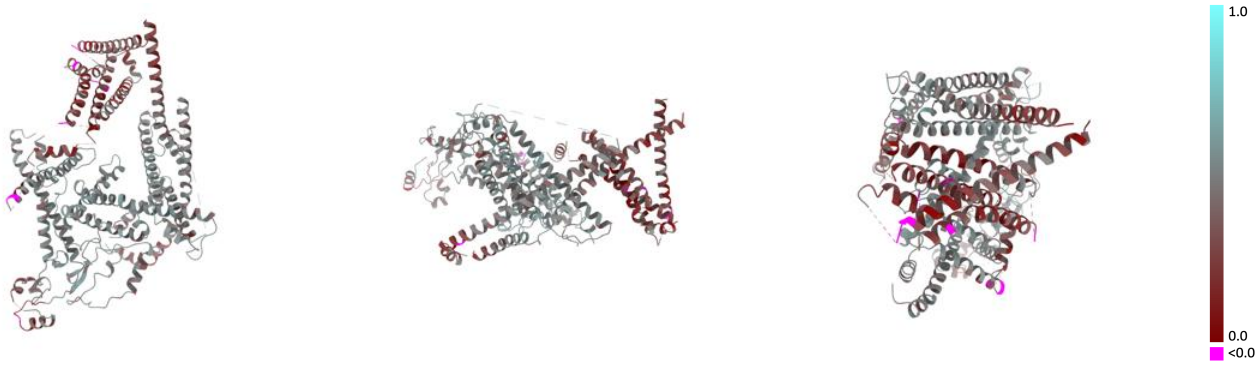
Y



Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.471 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

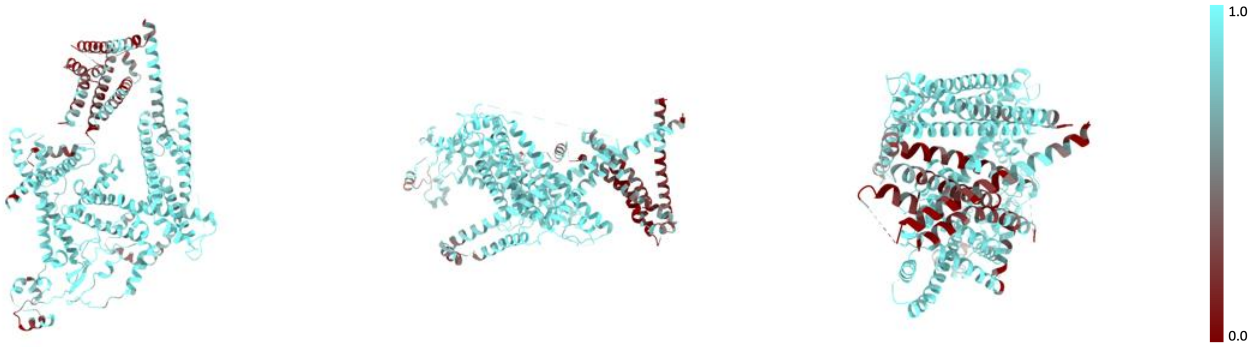
9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model (i)



X Y Z

The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

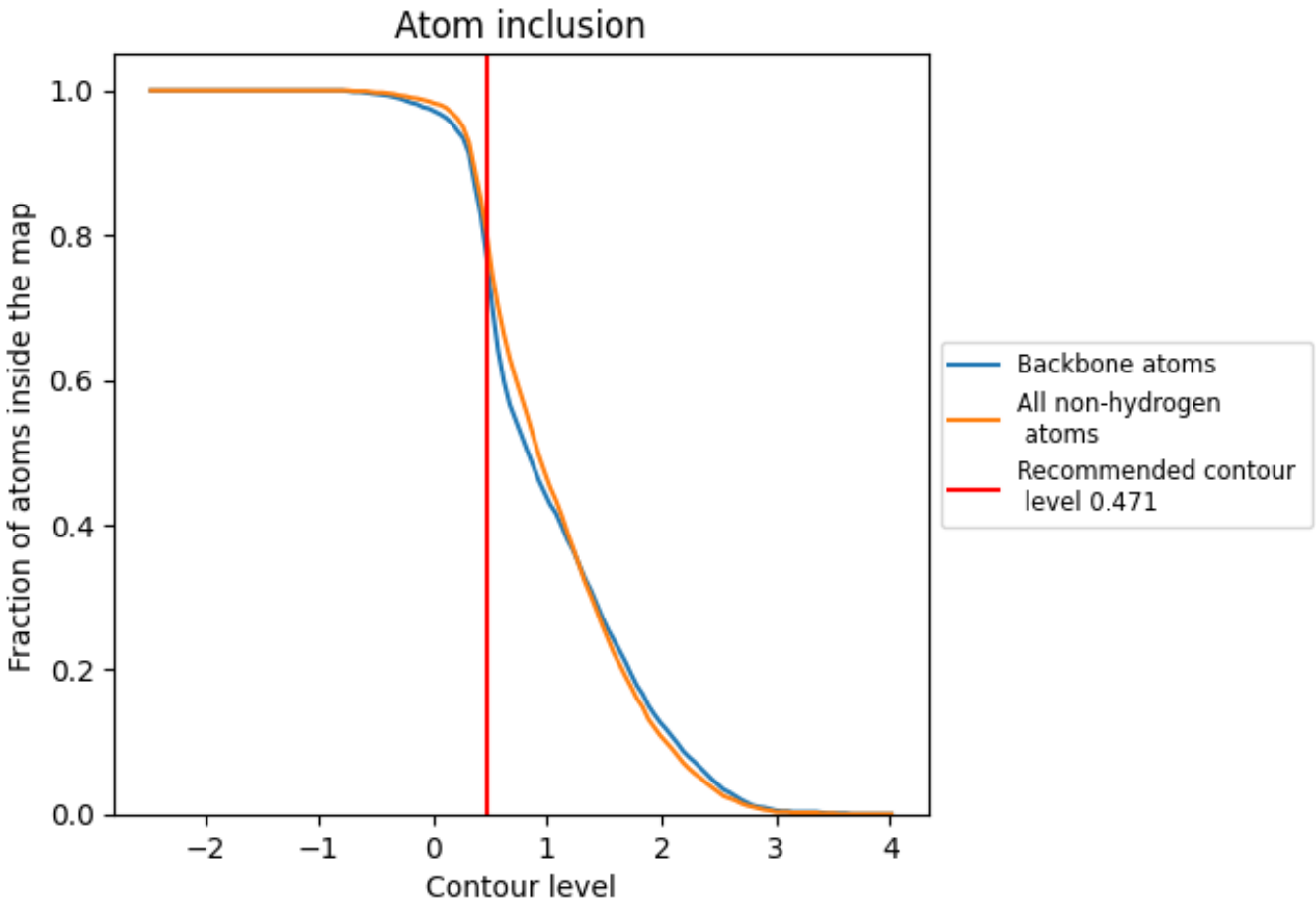
9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)



X Y Z

The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.471).

9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 77% of all backbone atoms, 80% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary (i)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.471) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.7990	0.4490
A	0.7990	0.4490